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## ASIA-PACIFIC ECONOMIC UPDATE 2002

**VOLUME TWO:** 

CONNECTING ECONOMICS TO SECURITY

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## **NOTE**

To avoid confusion in comparing data, this report classifies the "Asia-Pacific" economies as including Japan, Australia, New Zealand, "IMFs Developing Asia," and North Korea.

Table A International Monetary Fund's (IMF) Developing Asia

AFGHANISTAN*	HONG KONG SAR	MALAYSIA	PAKISTAN*	THAILAND
BANGLADESH	INDIA	MALDIVES	PALAU (BELAU)	TONGA
BHUTAN	INDONESIA	MARSHALL ISL.	PAPUA NEW GUINEA	TUVALU
BRUNEI	CAMBODIA	MICRONESIA, F.S.	PHILIPPINES	VANUATU
BURMA (MYANMAR)	KIRIBATI	MONGOLIA	SAMOA, AMERICAN	VIETNAM
CHINA, P.R.	KOREA, SOUTH	NAURU	SINGAPORE	W. SAMOA
FIJI	LAOS	NEPAL	SOLOMON IS.	TAIWAN
FR. POLYNESIA	MACAU	NEW CALEDONIA	SRI LANKA	

Source: IMF. Direction of Trade Statistics

\* - Not in USPACOM Area of Responsibility

IMF recently designated the economies in **bold** (South Korea, Singapore, Taiwan, and Hong Kong) as "New Industrialized Economies" (NIEs) and as "Advanced Economies." Some reports do not list the NIEs under Developing Asia. However, for the purpose of presenting consistent historical trends in this report, the above grouping is used, unless otherwise noted. Also, South Korea was given Industrialized Country status when it was admitted to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) in 1997. IMF reports Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (SAR) as a distinct customs territory—separate from China.

The U.S. Pacific Command's Area of Responsibility (AOR) also includes North Korea and three Indian Ocean islands (Comoros, Madagascar, and Mauritius), but not Afghanistan or Pakistan.